

to Dominion Government employees according to the conditions laid down by the Act of the province in which the accident occurs. In Prince Edward Island, where there is no provincial Act in effect, compensation is paid to Dominion Government employees according to the provisions of the New Brunswick Act. Dominion Regulations of 1945 under the War Measures Act provide compensation for seamen not under any Workmen's Compensation Act.

Necessary medical aid is given to workmen during disability. In British Columbia, workmen contribute to the cost of medical aid; elsewhere it is borne by the accident fund. Where the employer is individually liable for compensation, he must also furnish medical aid.

Compensation is payable in all provinces for anthrax and for poisoning from arsenic, lead, mercury and phosphorus. In all provinces, except New Brunswick, silicosis is compensated under certain conditions. The other diseases compensated vary according to the industries of the provinces.

Scope of the Acts.—The Acts vary in scope, but, in general, they cover construction, mining, manufacturing, lumbering, fishing, transport and communications and the operation of public utilities. Undertakings in which not more than a stated number of workmen are usually employed may be excluded, except in Alberta and British Columbia.

Benefits.—Under each Act, a fixed period must elapse between the date of the accident and the date when compensation begins but in all cases medical aid is given from the date of the accident. This waiting period varies from three to seven days and in some provinces compensation is paid for the waiting period, if disability continues beyond it.

At present, compensation in fatal cases is paid as follows:—

Burial expenses, \$100 in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, \$150 in Manitoba, \$175 in Quebec, and \$125 in the other provinces. In certain cases costs of transporting the body are also allowed.

To a widow or invalid widower, or to a foster-mother as long as the children are under the age limit, a monthly payment in Manitoba and Ontario of \$45 and in the remaining provinces \$40; in addition a lump sum of \$100 is paid in New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia.

For each child in the care of a parent or foster-mother receiving compensation, a monthly payment is made of \$10 in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, and British Columbia, but in the latter province \$12.50 is paid to children between 16 and 18 years of age attending school; in Manitoba \$12 for the eldest child, \$10 for the second, \$9 for the third, and \$8 for each additional child; in Alberta and Saskatchewan, \$12 for each child. To each orphan child \$20 per month is paid in Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia and \$15 in the other provinces with a maximum of \$80 per month to one family in Nova Scotia and British Columbia.

Except in the case of invalids, payments to children are not continued beyond the age of 16 in Nova Scotia, Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, 18 in Quebec Alberta and British Columbia, and 16 for boys and 18 for girls in New Brunswick. In Manitoba, Ontario and Saskatchewan payments for children may be made up to the age of 18 if it is desirable to continue their education. In British Columbia